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DORSEY & WHITNEY LLP			EXAMINER	
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1420 FIFTH AVENUE SEATTLE, WA 98101			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



		PR-9				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	09/634,691	ENGHOLM ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Hieu c. Le	2142				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	ob(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Thi	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under I Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6,8-14 and 20-23</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6,8-14,20-23</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	,					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received in Application	on No				
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	• •					
Attachment(s)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 5/30/03 has been entered.
- 2. Applicant has amended independent claims 1, 5,20 by adding the new limitation "the second folder being optionally viewable by the uer". The Applicant's argument filed 5/30/03 have been fully considered but they are most in view of the new grounds of rejection.:

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-6, 8-9, 11-14, 16, 20-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hall [US. Pat. No. 5,930,479] in view of Gross et al. [US. Pat. No. 5,283,856] and further in view of Birrell et al. [US. Pat. No. 6,092,101].

As to claim 1, Hall discloses a method in a computer system for filtering unauthorized

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electronic mail messages that are sent by senders to a user, each sender having an identification each electronic mail message including the identification of the sender (col. 8, lines 48-53, col. 10, line 30-33), the method comprising:

providing a list of the identifications of the senders who are authorized to send an electronic mail message to the user [a user channel database (list) that records a channel ID and address of the correspondent (col. 10, lines 26-42)];

for each of a plurality of electronic mail messages (fig. 2, items 208a, 210a),

determining whether the sender of the electronic mail message is authorized by determining whether the identification of sender in the electronic mail message is in the provided list of the identifications of the senders who are authorized [send mail lookup user's name in the system password file (a standard database defining the valid users of the system, and separates the address into name and channel ID, and matches the channel ID of the incoming message with one of the lines in the channels file 212 (col. 11, lines 40-49) for verify that the message is authorized for delivery to the recipient (Abstract, lines 7-8)];

Hall does not disclose,

when the sender of the electronic mail message is determined to be not authorized, storing the electronic mail message in a second folder designated for electronic mail messages received from unauthorized senders; and

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when the sender of the electronic mail message is determined to be authorized, storing the electronic mail message in a first folder designated for electronic mail messages received from authorized senders.

whereby the electronic mail messages are automatically stored in the appropriate folder based on whether the sender is authorized so that the user can view the first folder containing the electronic mail messages sent by authorized senders separately from the second folder containing the electronic mail messages sent by unauthorized senders.

Gross discloses a conditional rule based system which can be transparently implemented for mapping specific mail messages (col. 2, lines 40-54). If- then sequences are automatically used to process or "filter" messages in many folders .New/messages are filtered in different folders with Junk mail "unauthorized messages" in the trash folder and other new messages in other folders (col. 17, lines 73-79).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Gross's teachings to modify Hall's method by using an "If-then" filter to filter new incoming mail in different folders with junk mail "unauthorized mail" in a trash folder in order to provide a flexible, efficient system which can be implemented transparently to filter electronic - mail.

Neither Hall nor Gross disclose the second folder being optionally viewable by the uer.

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Birrell discloses a system for filtering unauthorized messages, messages from authorized senders is placed in the Inbox (col. 11, lines 41-44) (i.e. the message is indicated by a label Inbox for the user's attention) messages from unauthorized senders only given the unread label (col. 11, lines 45-46), the messages are displayed and labeled as Inbox or unread (col. 9, lines 9-18). Birrell also discloses each mail messages can intially receive two lables, inbox and "unread". Messages labled as "unread" have not yet been exposed to reading. These unread messages are less important messages and can be read by the user as needed (optionally viewable) (col. 9, lines 9-15).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Birrell's teachings to modify the combined method of Hall and Gross by making the second folder "unread messages" optionally viewble by user into to indicate that the message is from authorized sender (Inbox) or unauthorized sender (unread) in order to facilitate mail handing, particularly for some one receiving a large amount of e-mail and reduce the amount of junk e-mail he receives.

As to claim 2, Hall further discloses wherein when the user sends an electronic mail message to a recipient, the identification of the recipient is automatically added to the provided list of the identifications of senders who are authorized to send electronic mail message to the user (col. 12, lines 57-61).

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As to claim 3, Hall further discloses wherein the provided list of the identifications of the senders is generated by adding the identification of senders of previously received electronic mail messages (col. 21, lines 56-63).

As to claim 4, Hall further discloses wherein the provided list of the identifications of the senders is generated by adding the identification of recipients of previously sent electronic mail messages (col. 17, lines 26-30).

As to claim 5, Hall discloses a method in a computer system for filtering unauthorized messages, each message having a sender, the method comprising:

for each of a plurality of messages (Fig. 2, items 208a, 210a),

determining whether the sender of the message is designated as being authorized [send mail lookup user's name in the system password file (a standard database defining the valid users of the system), and separates the address into name and channel ID, and matches the channel ID of the incoming message with one of the lines in the channels file 212 (col. 11, lines 40-49) for verify that the message is authorized for delivery to the recipient (Abstract, lines 7-8)];

when the sender of the message is determined to be authorized, indicating that the message is from an authorized sender (col. 11, lines 48-50 and col. 12, lines 6-25).

Hall does not disclose,

when the sender of the message is determined to be not authorized,

storing the message in a predesignated location for messages sent by unauthorized senders.

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Gross discloses a conditional rule based system which can be transparently implemented for mapping specific mail messages (col. 2, lines 40-54). If- then sequences are automatically used to process or "filter" messages in many folders .New/messages are filtered in different folders with Junk mail "unauthorized messages" in the trash folder and other new messages in other folders (col. 17, lines 73-79).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Gross's teachings to modify Hall's method by using an "If-then" filter to filter new incoming mail in different folders with junk mail "unauthorized mail" in a trash folder in order to provide a flexible, efficient system which can be implemented transparently to filter electronic mail.

Neither Hall nor Gross disclose the predesgnated location being accessible by a mail recipient so that messages determined not to be authorized are optionally viewable by the mail recipient.

Birrell discloses a system for filtering unauthorized messages, messages from authorized senders is placed in the Inbox (col. 11, lines 41-44) (i.e. the message is indicated by a label Inbox for the user's attention) messages from unauthorized senders only given the unread label (col. 11, lines 45-46), the messages are displayed and labeled as Inbox or unread (col. 9, lines 9-18). Birrell also discloses each mail messages can intially receive two lables, inbox and "unread". Messages labled as "unread" have not yet been exposed to reading. These unread messages are less

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important messages and can be read by the user as needed (optionally viewable) (col. 9, lines 9-15).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Birrell's teachings to modify the combined method of Hall and Gross by making the second folder "unread messages" optionally viewble by user into to indicate that the message is from authorized sender (Inbox) or unauthorized sender (unread) in order to facilitate mail handing, particularly for some one receiving a large amount of e-mail and reduce the amount of junk e-mail he receives.

As to claim 6, Hall further discloses wherein the recipient of the messages can identify whether a message is authorized based solely on the indications [the message is either accepted or rejected (col. 11, lines 48-52)].

As to claim 8, Hall further discloses wherein the message is an electronic mail message and the pre-designated location is a folder [the message is an e-mail message (col. 5, line 8) and the authorized message is discarded (i.e. stored in a deleted file) (col. 22, lines 15-19)].

As to claim 9, Birrell further discloses including when displaying a list of messages, displaying a visual indication as to whether the message has been indicated as being sent from an authorized or unauthorized sender (col. 11, lines 41-46 & col. 9, lines 9-18).

As to claim 11, Hall further discloses wherein the computer system includes a list of authorized senders (col. 10, lines 26-42 & Fig. 4) and wherein the determining whether the sender of the message is designated as being authorized includes determining whether the sender is in the list of authorized senders (col. 11, lines 40-49, col. 21, lines 56-63).

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As to claim 12, Hall further discloses wherein the list of authorized senders is generated by adding the senders of the previously received messages to the list (col. 21, lines 56-63).

As to claim 13, Hall further discloses wherein the list of authorized senders is generated by adding the recipients of the previously sent messages to the list (col. 17, lines 26-30).

As to claim 14, Hall further discloses wherein the list is shared by multiple users (col. 9, lines 44-47, Fig. 2).

As to claim 16, Hall further discloses wherein when the recipient sends a message to an intended recipient, the intended recipient is added to the list as an authorized sender (col.12, lines 57-61).

As to claim 20, refer to claim 1 rejection.

As to claim 21, refer to claim 2 rejection.

As to claim 22, refer to claim 3 rejection.

As to claim 23, Hall uses a filter to reject unauthorized messages by discarding (i.e. forwarding the message to a delete folder) (col. 22, lines 15-19).

Hall does not explicitly disclose that the folder is labeled Junk mail. However, it is obvious to label a folder that is labeled discard and contains filtered e-mail from unauthorized sender and is used in the context of filtering Junk mail.

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5. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hall [US. Pat. No. 5,930,479] in view of Gross et al [US. Pat. No. 5,283,856] in view of Birrell et al. [US. Pat. No. 6,092,101] as applied to claim 9 and further in view of Microsoft Corporation, "Excerpts from online documentation of Microsoft Exchange", version 5.0.1458.47, 1986-1997, 11pp.

As to claim 10, neither Hall nor Gross nor Birell disclose the limitation, wherein the visual indication is the dimming of the messages that are sent from unauthorized senders in the list of messages.

Microsoft Corporation discloses a visual indication method used in e-mail message to dim profile message (page 8).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Microsoft's teaching to modify the combined method of Hall, Gross and Birell by dimming the junk mail messages in the list of messages in order to indicate to the user that these messages are irrelevant to his interest and save him valuable hours to be wasted in dealing with junk mail.

6. Claims 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hall [US. Pat. No. 5,930,479] in view of Gross et al [US. Pat. No. 5,283,856] in view of Birrell et al. [US. Pat. No. 6,092,101], as applied to claim 5 and further in view of Canale et al. [US. Pat. No. 5,619,648].

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As to claim 17, neither Hall nor Gross nor Birrell disclose wherein the indicating that the message is from an unauthorized sender includes forwarding the message from an unauthorized to another user.

Canale discloses a method for reducing the amount of junk e-mail received by a user of an e-mail system. The mail filter for potential recipient has access to a list of the e-mail messages sent and received by the potential recipient and used the list of e-mail messages to determine correspondents of the potential recipient and forwards the messages to those recipients (col. 2, lines 27-44). The system permits the recipient of the e-mail to select which of the correspondents (another users) is to receive the e-mail (col. 4, lines 2-8).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Canale's teaching to modify the combined method of Hall, Gross, & Birrell in order to facilitate mail handling, particularly for some one receiving a large amount of e-mail and reduce the amount of junk e-mail he receives.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Hieu Le whose telephone number is (703) 306-3101. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 8:00 A.M.to 4:00 P.M..

The fax number of this Group 2757 is (703) 308-5397 or 308-9051.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

MEHMET B. GECKIL
PRIMARY EXAMINER

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